



Agenda item 6: Scientific and technical needs to support the implementation of the KM GBF: c) Areas of potential further work

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Kunming-Montreal
GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY FRAMEWORK

Decision 15/4 Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework (KM GBF)

Paragraph 8:

- KM GBF should be used as a strategic plan for the implementation of the Convention and its Protocols
- the Framework should be used to better align and direct the work of the various bodies of the Convention and its Protocols, its Secretariat and its budget according to the goals and targets of the Framework

Paragraph 9:

- Conduct a strategic review and analysis of the programmes of work of the Convention in the context of the KM GBF to facilitate its implementation, and, on the basis of this analysis, to prepare draft updates of these programmes of work

Decision 15/33 (Multi-year programme of work of COP)

Paragraph 2:

- Development of further guidance for policy development and implementation should support achievement of the goals and targets set out in the KM GBF,



SBSTTA/REC/25/3

CBD secretariat requested to:

- a) Undertake a comprehensive review and analysis of existing tools and guidance that can support the implementation of the targets and other elements of the Framework**
- (b) Compile views and information from Parties and stakeholders as inputs for undertaking the review and analysis, and make the compilation and the findings of the review and analysis available for SBSTTA 26**
- (c) Identify gaps and redundancies to support the implementation of the goals and targets of the Framework, with a view to addressing those gaps and potential needs for updates**
- (d) prepare technical advice, including, if appropriate, recommendations for the adjustment of work undertaken under the Convention, [...], such advice may include new guidance and tools to address gaps or updates, as needed**

Four potential new work areas presented to SBSTTA 26

(SBSTTA/26/3)

- (a) Biodiversity-inclusive spatial planning;
- (b) Pollution and biodiversity;
- (c) Sustainable biodiversity-based activities, products and services and “the bioeconomy”;
- (d) Equity and the human rights-based approach relating to the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity



Plenary at SBSTTA 26, IISD

(a) Biodiversity- inclusive spatial planning

SCBD proposed work could:

- Build upon relevant experience of Parties in various aspects of land planning, ecological zoning, water basin management and integrated water resource management, through the compilation of submissions, workshops, webinars and other information-sharing events;
- Involve cooperation with relevant organizations, such as FAO, to identify relevant tools and approaches and explore opportunities for making such tools and approaches more biodiversity-inclusive.
- Be pursued through the compilation of submissions, workshops, webinars and other information-sharing events, as well as through expert processes to identify guidance for integrating biodiversity-related considerations into spatial planning.

(b) Pollution and biodiversity

SCBD proposed work could:

- Strengthen cooperation with the chemicals and waste-related conventions and agreements, including in the context of the Global Framework on Chemicals, and opportunities for mainstreaming KM GBF into these and other relevant processes;
- Further enhance cooperation with the other conventions and organizations, including UNEP and FAO, on the management of nitrogen and phosphorous with a view to making available appropriate tools and guidance;
- Explore synergies with the process for the development of an international treaty on ending plastic waste;
- Scope other sources of pollution that are particularly relevant to biodiversity, including noise and light pollution;
- Develop guidance on avoiding the breach of pollution thresholds that are harmful to biodiversity;
- Consolidate guidance on the role of biodiversity and ecosystem services in pollution mitigation, including guidance for specific sectors and/or sources of pollution.

(c) Sustainable biodiversity-based activities, products and services and “the bioeconomy”

“Little guidance is available to define biodiversity-based activities, products and services or to determine the sustainability of such activities, products and services”

SCBD proposed work could:

- Build upon relevant experience of Parties in promoting a sustainable bioeconomy, identifying the social, economic and environmental benefits for people, and approaches to assess and ensure sustainability of resource use;
- Undertake expert processes, drawing upon Parties' experiences, to develop guidance to promote sustainable biodiversity-based activities products and services and to ensure equitable and sustainable outcomes of a bioeconomy.

(d) Equity and the human rights-based approach relating to the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity

”There is a potential for work under the Convention, not only to *safeguard* human rights, but to actively *employ* human rights-based approaches to advance implementation of the Framework.”

SCBD proposed work could:

- Could compile guidance, identify gaps and work with relevant agencies of the United Nations to fill such gaps where necessary.
- Tools and guidance developed under Article 8(j) and related provisions of the Convention are relevant. However, there is no guidance under the Convention with regard to groups other than indigenous peoples and local communities.



Developments at SBSTTA 26 and SBI 4

SBSTTA 26 ([SBSTTA/REC/26/2](#))

- No agreement could be reached
- Equity and HRBA for the conservation and sustainable use was questioned by one party, resulting in deletion in the recommendation
- Inclusion of bioeconomy was questioned by some parties, resulting in reformulation:

(c) Sustainable biodiversity-based activities, products and services that enhance biodiversity;

SBI 4 ([SBI/REC/4/13](#))

The work areas were considered under agenda item on multi-year programme of work of the Conference of the Parties) and they were maintained in the recommendation to COP16

Development at COP16

COP/DEC/16/12



2. *Decides* that work could be advanced in the following areas, avoiding duplication with existing multilateral processes and respecting their mandates:
- (a) Biodiversity-inclusive spatial planning;
 - (b) Pollution and biodiversity;
 - (c) Sustainable biodiversity-based activities, products and services that enhance biodiversity;
 - (d) Equity, gender equality and the human rights-based approach relating to the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and the fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources;
 - (e) Different value systems, as stated in paragraph 7 (b) of section C of the Framework;



[Notification 2025-058](#) issued
in April – calling for views
and experiences

Submissions from 11 Parties
and 19 observers

To inform the development
of CBD/SBSTTA/27/5.ADD3

What will be discussed at SBSTTA-27?

SBSTTA/27/ADD.3 has not been published



Panama City, by IISD



Current issues

- D) "Equity, gender equality and the human rights-based approach relating to the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and the fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources"
- E) "Different values of biodiversity, in line with paragraph 7e of section C in GBF"
- How to ensure efficient work without duplication with other processes?
- Coherence with adjustment of ongoing work under the Convention (agenda item 6a)

Thank you for your attention!

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